Question 1 (4 marks)
  a) cout << valptr[4];
  b) cout << valptr[5];
  c) cout << *(valptr);
  d) cout << (valptr[1]) or cout << *(valptr + 1)

Question 2 (3 marks)
(Long data types in C++ are allocated 4 bytes of memory. That is why we multiply by 4)
  a) *(numbers + 2) = 8 or (*numbers + 2 * 4)
  b) *(numbers + 4) = 16 or (*numbers + 4 * 4)
  c) *(numbers + 1) = 12 or (*numbers + 1 * 4)

Question 3 (7 marks)
  I. True
  II. False
  III. True
  IV. False
  V. a) Valid (make iptr point to size)
      b) Invalid (cannot change size)
      c) Invalid (cannot change average)

Question 4 (4 marks)
  a) The statement defines an integer variable, myAge, and then defines a pointer, pint, which is initialized with the address of myAge.
  OR
  It represents a pointer that is defined in the same statement as another variable of the same type.
  b) The statement defines an array, distance, and a pointer, length, which is initialized with the address of the first element in the array.

Question 5 (2 marks)
  a) The statement compares the values that ptr1 and ptr2 point to
  b) The statement compares the addresses stored in the pointer variables ptr1 and ptr2